

TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR.

# FRENCH THINK OUTLOOK BITTER

Delegates to Moroccan Conference Go With Hopeful View.

# GIVE REASONS FOR IT German Insistence on Police Regulations May Cause Trouble.

Paris, Jan. 3.—A portion of French delegates to the Moroccan conference, which is being held at Algiers, are of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble. The delegates are of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble. The delegates are of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble.

# FRANCO-GERMANY AFFAIR If Emperor William's Delegates Are Obdurate There May Be Clash.

London, Jan. 3.—So long as the Franco-Germany affair continues, the outlook for the future of the empire is uncertain. The French government is of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble. The French government is of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble.

# FRANCE HAS RIGHTS. RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERERS

Emperor Nicholas Sends Sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars. St. Petersburg, Jan. 3.—Emperor Nicholas has sent \$50,000 for the relief of the sufferers from the recent earthquake in the Caucasus. The emperor is of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble.

# KILLED HIMSELF BUT NOT WIFE Michigan Man Makes Blunder, Takes His Own Life.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 3.—A man in Michigan has taken his own life. The man is of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble.

# PUBLICITY THE WEAPON WILL RESIST New York Chamber of Commerce Hot After Life Insurance.

Insurance. COMMITTEE REPORTS.

New York, Jan. 3.—The New York Chamber of Commerce is of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble. The chamber is of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble.

# NEW POSTOFFICE RULING Bill Providing That New Delivery Stamps Are Not Necessary.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The senate is of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble. The senate is of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble.

# PRESIDENT'S SNAP. TOOK CARROLL UP. New York Traveling Man Ends Life At Detroit.

Both Sides Claim Victory. Detroit, Jan. 3.—The Detroit Tigers are of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble. The Detroit Tigers are of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble.

# BOTH SIDES CLAIM VICTORY Lithuanians Strike Settled In New York City.

Braden's Money. The money which was found on the street by Braden was of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble. The money which was found on the street by Braden was of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble.

# TAKE PRISONERS BY HUNDREDS. Dragoons Are Ruthlessly Killed White Soldiers.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 3.—The Russian dragoons are of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble. The Russian dragoons are of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble.

# REPUBLICANS FROM CERTAIN DISTRICTS OPPOSED TO REDUCTION.

Payne Makes Long Plea Presenting Views of Majority of Ways and Means Committee.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The cause of the Philippines was advocated on the floor of the house by the republican leader, Payne, for nearly four hours today. Payne presented the views of a majority of the ways and means committee on the Philippine tariff bill.

# STEP DOWN AND OUT Rickards Resign. Management of the Odd Fellows Old Folks Home.

Mattoon, Ill., Jan. 4.—W. M. Rickard, superintendent and Mrs. L. L. Rickard, of the Odd Fellows Old Folks Home, are of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble. The Rickards are of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble.

# SCENE AT WHITE HOUSE Sister of Congressman Hull Carried Away Screaming.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Mrs. Minor Morris was today carried screaming from the executive offices at the white house after a faint attempt to see the president to urge him to release her husband from his position. Mrs. Morris is the sister of Congressman Hull.

# CHICAGO BANKS ARE TOO POOR Think They Are Entitled to Ten Cents On Outside Collection.

Chicago, Jan. 3.—A meeting of the leading bankers and representatives of the Illinois Manufacturers' association was held this afternoon to consider the matter of charging ten cents collection fee on all out-of-town checks deposited in the banks of this city. The bankers are of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble.

# PORTO RICANS OUR CITIZENS Public Lends Money Used To Good Advantage.

Washington, Jan. 3.—Senator Foraker today introduced a bill providing that citizens of Porto Rico shall be citizens of the United States. The senator is of the opinion that the German insistence on police regulations may cause trouble.

# A TRAIN IS SNOWBOUND Crew and Passengers In a Big Drift for Fifteen Hours.

Storm Was Fierce In Business Again. Small Depositors Entered Against Ex-Convict Banker Harper Who Wrecked Fidelity.

New York, Jan. 3.—A verdict for \$5280.333 against Edward E. Harper, once vice president of the Fidelity National bank of Cincinnati, was affirmed today by Judge Cox in the United States supreme court. Harper was convicted of causing the failure of the Fidelity bank and served six years in prison.

# MODERN WOODMEN AFTER MONEY Suing Defunct Bank For Deposit of Thousands.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 3.—The cause of the Modern Woodmen of America versus the estate of E. H. McEntee and his bondsmen is assistant treasurer of the Modern Woodmen, has been opened in the federal court. Suit is for \$100,000, the amount alleged to have been deposited in McEntee's bank at Holstein at the time of the failure of that institution.

# TO BE MARRIED IN EAST ROOM Miss Alice's Wedding Will Be at Noon February 17th.

Washington, Jan. 3.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt announced tonight that the wedding of Miss Alice Roosevelt to Representative Nicholas Longworth, of Cincinnati, will occur on February 17th at noon in the east room of the White House.

# RAILROAD TO INVESTIGATE Iowa Grain Dealers Claim Cars Are Being Held.

Corral, Ill., Jan. 3.—It is announced the Iowa railroad commission will investigate conditions at Corral Bluffs with reference to charges made by grain dealers at various points in the state that cars are being held here when they are needed elsewhere to move crops.

# MR. WOODRUFF IS PRESIDENT President Savings Life Assurance Society.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Rev. Mr. Woodruff was today elected president of the President Savings Life Assurance society, succeeding Edward W. Scott, resigned. Scott will remain with the company as chairman of the board of directors.

# TRUST CO.'S TROUBLES South Dakota Concern Is Threatened With a Receiver'ship.

High Old Time At White House. Two Thousand Persons Shake President's Hand.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The first of the evening levees of the season at the white house was the reception in honor of the diplomatic corps which was held by President and Mrs. Roosevelt tonight. It was a brilliant affair and was largely attended. Probably two thousand persons shook hands with the president.

# SPoonER AS CHAPERONE Led La Follette, His Political Enemy to Desk to Take Office.

Washington, Jan. 4.—After waiting for almost a year, R. M. La Follette appeared in senate when it re-convened today after the holiday recess, to claim his seat as senator from Wisconsin, and the oath of office was administered to him by Vice-president Fairbanks.

# AL. MARQUES AN HEIR Aunt Dying at Lewistown Leaves Him Nice Little Bequest.

Al Marques, the turnkey at the county jail, has taken over a nice little bequest from his aunt, who died at Lewistown. The bequest is a small sum of money and a few pieces of furniture.

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# BISHOP SPAULDING GOES SOUTH Will Spend Winter Months in Sunny Florida.

Peoria, Ill., Jan. 4.—Bishop Spaulding will go to St. Augustine, Florida, about January 13, to remain until early in March. The bishop is much improved in health and goes south to avert extreme cold of the winter.

# QUARREL OVER FAMILY ESTATE Led to Fatal Shooting of One of the Relatives Involved.

Brother-in-law is Held A. M. Hiller Detained By Coroner in the Murder Mystery.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 4.—Alfred Maxey Hiller, one of New Haven's best known men and a brother-in-law of Charles A. Edwards, a New York man, who was shot to death in a mysterious manner Tuesday night while at the home of Charles A. Hiller, another brother-in-law of Hiller, was today held at police headquarters for a short time by order of Coroner Mix. It was later explained by this official that he just wanted to have Hiller handy on resumption of the inquest later in the evening and that Hiller was simply held as a witness. This action was taken at the end of five hours hearing at the coroner's office.

# MINERS ARE ENTOMBED Twenty-One at Bluefields, W. Va., Meet An Awful Death.

Bluefields, W. Va., Jan. 4.—Twenty-one miners in the Conditte company's shaft at Conditte, W. Va., were probably instantly killed by an explosion there about noon today. There were twelve white men and eleven colored men entombed and no hope is held out that any escaped death. Most of the property used in the mine was blown to pieces by the explosion. One body has been recovered and it was so mutilated it is unrecognizable. All hope of recovering the alive entombed miners have been shattered by the pouring forth of gasses from the different shafts.

# WILL INCREASE THE STOCK Swift & Company Offer Shares for Sale.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 4.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of Swift & Company today it was voted to issue at once \$15,000,000 new stock, bringing the total up to \$50,000,000. The statement of earnings submitted at the meeting showed 12 per cent earned on present outstanding capital.

# THE LOCAL WEATHER. The local weather conditions for the 24 hours ended at 7 p. m. Wednesday, as reported by J. H. Conrad, govern- ment observer, follow:

7 a. m.	25
Noon	27
7 p. m.	28
Highest	28
Lowest	23

# NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE









## DECATUR HERALD.

Established October 6, 1880.  
Published by  
THE HERALD-DESPATCH CO.  
237-239 N. Main St., Decatur, Ill.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.  
By Mail in Advance.  
Daily—One year.....\$4.00  
Daily—Six months.....2.00  
Daily—Three months.....1.00  
Semi-weekly—One year.....1.00

BY CARRIER.  
Daily—Per week.....10c  
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New—Business Office.....29  
New—Editorial Rooms.....43  
Old—Business Office.....43  
Old—Editorial Rooms.....43

Entered at the postoffice at Decatur, Ill., as second class matter. Address communications to THE HERALD, Decatur, Ill.

Even in the matter of football reform the people do not all see it alike.

William Randolph Hearst is not reported as calling on Mayor McCall for the purpose of extending a New Year's greeting.

Yerkes is dead. His millions have been divided, and at least it is a consolation to those people who were depending on the date of his death, if they refer to him at all.

Governor Bessent of Kentucky has been instrumental in doing Senator Blackburn for reelection to the senate. It was not so interesting to see the governor of Kentucky going for Blackburn's scalp.

It did not take the president long to decide the origin of what was called a school for the blind, and to purchase a building for the president's daughter. A line and he did it, too, at the same time he was putting the lid on O'Dell.

Maria Butler, once famous as a Kansas populist, has struck it rich and become a millionaire by owning a half dozen gas stations. It is interesting to say that he is a man who has no interest in politics. The oil does not bother him.

New Year's day is a legal holiday, but apparently it has not been observed by all our business men. The number of calls and collectors who are around indicates that some of them worked overtime on New Year's day.

It is now estimated that the amount stolen from the Peoria school fund in the last eighteen years by Dougherty will amount to the millions of dollars. There is something wrong with any community that can detect a poor fellow stealing and not suspect a boss robber, who was robbing the people to the tune of over half a million a year.

## WHAT ONE WOMAN DID.

Cedar Rapids Republican. Nothing that a woman can or may do outside what we call the true sphere of woman equal in value and in glory what she does as wife and mother—what that work is well done. But now and then we find a woman who, shunning the true sphere, not at all, achieves a notable success in addition, and this is but adding success to success, honor to honor.

We know a woman who has achieved such a notable success and it is, I believe, an inspiration to meet her. Her hair is silvered and her countenance is kind. The joy of living is present in all that she does.

Twenty-five years ago she was left with a large family, some property, and many financial obligations. The friends that gathered at the funeral of her husband—her first husband—did not only in help her but shook their heads sadly as they thought of the large family and its debts. They were sure the widow faced a hard problem that had but one solution—the giving up of everything.

But the chief object of their solicitude had a stout heart. She had no notion of giving up. She assumed the direction of matters personally. Some of the land owned by the estate was sold, but the home farm was held, and has been operated under the personal supervision of this woman ever since. There are no debts now. They disappeared, one by one, under her intelligent management, long ago. The large family has grown up. Several of them have been liberally educated, and have been assisted to the ownership of farms of their own. These children call their mother blessed as they ought to—so does everybody else who knows her.

The best part of it is that all the time she has been a thorough exemplification of the "ever woman." Her splendid business success was incidental as compared with her success as a parent, a wife and a woman to lead useful lives. Wherever her influence extends it has been for good. It is worth much just to have known her. It is an honor to count her among your friends.

## THE STEUBENBERG OUTRAGE.

The murder of ex-Gov. Steubenberg of Idaho, by a bomb fixed at the gate of his home, is a disgrace to the American conscience. The American people have promptly laid the crime at the door of those who inaugurated a state of anarchy in that commonwealth, over some labor trouble a few years ago, when he was governor, which required the inter-

ference of United States troops to restore order. The fact that thousands upon thousands of dollars reward has been offered for the apprehension and conviction of the assassins indicates that public opinion in that state is unanimously against the methods of the rebellion against law and order and who are now charged with this crime. The state of anarchy produced by the outbreaks in the name of labor was most heinous. Murder, assassination and destruction went on for a time in all its horrors. Neither the lives of working men nor children were respected. The motive was not suppressed until United States troops were called upon to restore free government in Idaho. Honest labor everywhere regretted that these men in the name of labor had disgraced it and it has no sympathy with this gang of cutthroats now. In fact the labor organizations in Idaho have called meetings, offered rewards and have joined in hunting down those who are guilty of the murder of the ex-governor. The chances are they will be found. If so an outraged commonwealth will rid itself forever of these outlaws and make it impossible to defend men to consent to a repetition of the defiance of law and human rights, which led to the most abhorrent series of tragedies that ever disgraced a state of the Union.

## O'DELL'S DEFEAT.

Ex-Governor O'Dell, who has been supreme in republican politics in New York for some years has been defeated, literally, when out. He has met the fate of the boss who undertakes to dictate what a party shall and shall not do. When he was elected governor of the state a few years ago he was a popular man. He could have remained so had he attended to his duties as governor and protected the rights of the people intelligently. The people always stand by governors who do this. But O'Dell elected to follow a different course. Being governor, instead of acting as the servant of the people, he assumed that he was the head of the republican party and proceeded to organize a sort of O'Dell machine. He neglected to do his duty as governor, and to do some things to President Roosevelt. The result has been disastrous and he has gone down and the wreckage of his machine. He told us that a young man by the name of Wadsworth could not be elected speaker of the New York general assembly, that the president was meddling in New York politics. But Wadsworth was nominated almost unanimously for the position by the caucus and will be elected.

O'Dell has pursued the wrong course in politics to win. Had he served the people, instead of attempting to be the whole thing, the people would have elected him. The course chosen by him invariably ends as it has in his case. Attempting to dictate what a party shall do, engenders opposition. The person or persons who attempt it undertake to punish the opposition and whatever may be set of men get into politics for the purpose of punishing those who disagree with them, defeat follows their schemes.

## MANUFACTURING IN CANADA.

One of the claims made by those who advocate reciprocity with Canada in competitive products is that under present tariff conditions, American manufacturers in order to compete in the Canadian market have expended within the past ten years, \$50,000,000 in building factories in Canada. It is true that our capital has gone to Canada to build factories in order to compete in the Canadian market. Why? The Canadian tariff accounts for that. It is not our tariff. So far as our tariff is concerned the American manufacturer is unhampered in the sale of his product in Canada. The Canadian tariff is imposed for the purpose of encouraging manufacturing at home by protecting the home market. So the American manufacturer who wishes the benefit of the Canadian market locates in Canada. It will be seen that this is not the result of our tariff, but the Canadian tariff, which we have no control.

Canada is legitimately interested in her own affairs. She resorts to a protective tariff to build up her own industries and her own home market. Does the American advocate of reciprocity in competitive products expect to benefit the United States at the expense of Canada? To expect this would be to conclude that Canada is not wise enough to take care of her own interests. The chances are that the average Canadian can outfigure the entire tribe of American tariff reformers.

There is another feature connected with this subject, that of cost of production. Labor is cheaper in Canada than in the United States. Some raw materials are cheaper. It logically follows that under such conditions, if we had free trade with Canada there would be greater inducements to American capital to invest in manufacturing in Canada than there is under present conditions. Surely this would be true if the American market was free and products could be manufactured cheaper there. There are 5,000,000 people in Canada to sell to, while there are 90,000,000 in America, and yet our free traders want free trade between our people and the Canadians in the face of these startling figures.

## SENATOR DOULIVER'S BILL.

Cedar Rapids Peppercorn: Senator Doulier's railway bill is not a sudden thing. He has given months of time to its preparation and had the question under consideration since last spring and spent most of his vacation in the study of the railroad question. He has read and studied all the extant an-

thorities, not only American, but foreign. When the time comes to defend his bill on the floor of the senate he will be prepared for the task. It will be a strenuous fight and the junior senator from Iowa will make a nation-wide reputation out of the bill, if he succeeds. He has the backing of the administration, and, to a larger extent than any other, the back of the labor state commerce commission and those who stand for the increase of the power of that commission. The Doulier bill is radical enough to meet the desires of those who favor rigid supervision of rates and it is liberal enough to meet with the approval of the more reasonable radical men of the country. In the house Congressman Hepburn will introduce a bill, soon after the holidays based on the Doulier model, although it will differ from it in some minor respects. That will make Iowa the leader in both houses of congress on rate legislation. Iowa is well fitted for such leadership. It is a sane state in this as on other questions and its streamlining in Washington represents ability as well as devotion to the best interests of the people.

## FAVORED THE TURKEY.

It is recorded that, in the letter to his daughter, Mrs. Sarah Bache, written when 73 years of age, Benjamin Franklin regretted that the eagle had been made the "national bird." The following is what he is reported to have said: "For my own part I wish the bald eagle had not been chosen as the representative of our country; he is a bird of bad moral character; he does not get his living honestly; you may have seen him perched on some dead tree where, too lazy to fish for himself, he watches the labor of the fishing hawk; and when that diligent bird has taken a fish and is bearing it to his nest for the support of his mate and young ones, the bald eagle pursues him and takes it from him. With all this injustice he is never in good case, but like those among men who live by sharpening and robbing, he is generally poor and often very lousy. Besides, he is a rank coward; the little King-bird, not bigger than a sparrow, attacks him boldly and drives him out of the district. He is, therefore, by no means a proper emblem for the brave and honest order, of the Cincinnati of American birds, who have driven all the 'king birds' from our country. I am, on this account, not displeased that the figure is not known as the bald eagle, but looks more like a turkey. For in truth, the turkey is, in comparison, a much more respectable bird, and withal, a true original native of America. Eagles have been found in all countries, but the turkey was peculiar to ours. He is besides (though a little vain and silly, I'm true, but none the worse for that) a bird of courage, and would not hesitate to attack a grenadier of the British guards, who should presume to invade his farmyard with a red coat on."

## A POOL ARMY OFFICER.

First Lieutenant Roy Taylor of the coast artillery, has brought himself into public notice in a way that will not commend him to public approval. He has been ordered before a court martial charged with "conduct prejudicial to good order and discipline." The specific charge was that he ordered Sergeant Butler, who had bought a theater ticket and was seated directly in front of seats purchased by the lieutenant, to move away so that the sergeant might not hear the conversation between him and the women whom he accompanied to the theatre. The sergeant had paid his money for the seat. He paid the "con of the main" as good money as the lieutenant put up at the counter. He purchased his ticket without knowledge that the lieutenant intended to go to the theatre and without knowledge as to where the lieutenant would be located in case he did attend. He was entitled to what he paid for without interruption and without question. Yet, when the lieutenant found him occupying a seat over him he practically ordered him to secure another seat. This was a needless humiliation of the soldier. It was unwarranted from any point of view and had insulted the sanctity of the theatre and asserted his right to remain where he was. The sergeant chose the better way, abandoned the seat and made complaint to the company commander who preferred charges and specifications against the brute.

It was a case of army snobbery pure and simple, the kind that makes high spirited young Americans stand in awe and desert it after they have enlisted. The lieutenant should be dismissed from the service, or so disgraced by the findings of the court that he would be compelled to resign. Such "snobs" have no place in the United States army and should be dismissed from it as rapidly as they could be reached. Discipline in the army—strict obedience of the men to the orders of their superiors while on duty and courtesy at all times when on or off duty is essential. Everybody subscribes to that, but when an officer so far forgets himself that he attempts to advertise his superiority over an enlisted man before a few tittering women he shows himself a weak member of whom the army should be rid.

## NEW YORK STATISTICS.

In this country, where every one knows everybody else within the sphere of his activity, it is scarcely possible to comprehend the complexity of city life. In the country a strange team passing a house is an object of interest. A birth, a marriage or a death is an event. But in New York, so a writer with a love for statistics tells us:

Every forty seconds an immigrant arrives; every three minutes some one is arrested; every six minutes a child is born; every seven minutes there is a funeral; every thirteen minutes a couple get married; every forty-two minutes a new business firm starts up; every forty-eight minutes a building catches fire; every forty-eight minutes a ship leaves the harbor; every fifty-one minutes a new building is erected; every one and three-quarters hours some one is killed by accident; every seven hours some one fails in business; every eight hours an attempt to kill some one is made; every eight and one-half hours some couple is divorced; every ten hours some one commits suicide; every two days some one is murdered.

## A PRACTICAL JOKE.

Some young men, in South Bend, Ind., started out to have some fun. It was plain fun they wanted of their own selection. They were not young men who were compelled to labor from morning until night and who went out in the night for fun and recreation because they had no time during the day to frolic. They were students and presumably were the sons of well-to-do parents who were paying out money to educate them. It was not because they had no time during the day to have fun and plenty of it that they chose the night, on this particular occasion. It was because they had planned to have some special fun at the expense of another student. Being bright young men, with fertile brains for conjuring up that special brand of fun, they planned a practical joke. A practical joke is a very high order of fun that young men with ponderous brains indulge in. It is having fun at the expense and humiliation of some other fellow. In this case the plan was very cute. It consisted in a scheme to hold up a colleague, at a lonely place, at the point of a revolver and take his money and force another upon him. The intended victim it was known would dress for an evening party to which he had been invited. Part of the plan of the hold up was to force him to go to the function with a torn and battered overcoat, to tell the tale of having been held up by robbers on the way. It was very funny in conception and these bright young men had many a merry laugh over what they expected to do. The hour having arrived the hold up party stationed themselves at the point where the business was to be done. But it so happened that another young man, who was carrying a gun, had occasion to pass that way at about the time the intended victim was expected to appear. Being dark the fun makers could not distinguish one man from another and they ordered the young man with the gun to throw up his hands. The result was what anybody might expect. The young man with the gun proceeded to protect himself from what he thought to be holdup men and killed the fun maker who had at the point of a revolver commanded him to hold up his hands. The man who fired was also a student but was not in on the game and was of course greatly distressed over the unfortunate occurrence. The other young fellows who had planned the practical joke for fun were simply dumfounded, distressed and humiliated. There was no fun in the outcome. The other young man came along in due time but it was not necessary to state that they were in no frame of mind to get in that joke under the circumstances. It was a great scheme they invented. It had a great ending out of which not one of them claimed any credit. The dead student's body was shipped to his home where other hearts bled and was buried a victim of the folly of the practical joke.

The sacrifice of the life of this young man might be worth something if it would suppress the practical joke; but it will not. He is too smart for any one. Tomorrow he will kill somebody with the gun that he did not know was loaded," or, he will be playing ghost and get killed himself. It's so funny. Tomorrow he will be fighting his mother, or his sister, driving her insane or into hysteria. It's so funny. Tomorrow he will unexpectedly jump out and frighten a team a friend is driving and it will run away and kill the friend and ruin the team. It's so funny.

The practical joke is a great man in his community. Inexperienced youth, along the line of practical jokes and imitate his antics and thus the army of practical jokes is recruited and marries on making the world split its sides at the fun he makes by injuring the feelings of friends or causing them in body or mind, or killing them, or getting killed himself. A joke it is possible for the world to get along without the practical joke? But then the world has no choice in the matter.

## BRYAN AND THE EMPLOYERS.

William J. Bryan, says the Chicago Chronicle, undertook his journey around the world for the purpose of keeping himself in the eye of the American public. He had become absolutely useless to the newspaper paragrapher here and he shrewdly judged that if he went abroad he might by a judicious outlay work the cable to advantage. So far as notoriety is concerned he has been reasonably successful, but nothing that he has called about himself to this country will raise him in the estimation of the American people, and some of it will long be remembered to his disadvantage. Of this horrace is the published account of his performances in Manila.

Mr. Bryan studiously avoids any social intercourse with the United States officials in Manila, but accepted a banquet at the hands of the "Katipunan Revolutionary society." At this banquet he listened to the speeches of several

Philippine revolutionists in which they dwelt on the independence of the Philippines. When it came his turn to speak he did not refer to the fact that but for him the treaty of peace with Spain would never have been ratified by the senate, but urged "the Philippine aspirations," which was, of course, understood to mean "independence by revolution."

It is true, he remarked during his speech, that the Filipinos "must learn to abide the direction of government," but that was a mere precaution against arrest. The fact that he could listen to several revolutionary speeches and make a speech himself afterward without rebuking them and even urge the revolutionists to strive to realize their "aspirations" was tantamount to applauding their intentions.

This, to say the least was an exceedingly unbecoming and inappropriate thing for Mr. Bryan to do. He is not a government official, it is true, but he passes himself off as a distinguished American who is looking forward to the presidency, and as such is under bonds not to compromise in any way the dignity, the policy and the interests of the United States government. Things which other men might say without offense, are, when coming from him, a betrayal of his country.

What was thought of northern men who during the civil war went through the lines and held friendly parleys with the rebels? What would be thought in England of a British subject who should visit the Transvaal and deliver incendiary speeches at the banquets of the natives?

Yet Mr. Bryan will find it difficult to draw the distinction between such and his long-continued and sinister intercourse with the revolutionists of the Philippines.

Whatever may be said of football in colleges and universities there should be no question as to the propriety of excluding the game in high schools, where boys from 15 to 17 years of age engage in the game at greater hazard than they know. These boys are unphysically to indulge in the brutality that characterizes the game. They have had no previous training for this special game. They are too young to take the chances with life and limb and those who know better and have the power should stop it at once and have the boys forget it.

There is in the land office in Washington a woman clerk who is active and efficient at the age of 30 years. She is remarkable in other respects. Her name is Griddle. She is the widow of a gallant officer who was killed in the battle between the Monitor and the Merrimack at Hampton Roads and is the mother of Captain Griddle to whom Dewey gave the famous command at Manila. "You may fire, Griddle, when you are ready." The husband is dead. The son is dead but the wife and mother still lives as a monument of glory to the mothers of our brave men.

They are now saying that, because Uncle Joe Cannon expressed the opinion that life would not be worth living if the millennium were here, he is a genuine standpater. Perhaps Chuck Joseph has a deeper insight into the consistency of things than some men of greater moral pretensions. He may have a notion that if the movement to prevent future wars succeeds, and he is told that it will, there will be no millennium as that condition must follow the greatest battle the world ever experienced.

A crusade against continuing in the public schools children, as acted by tuberculosis has been inaugurated in Chicago. Those who will be excluded are such children as an exam'log physician shall declare are afflicted. This appears reasonable upon its face but what physician is able to determine that fact beyond controversy?

The practical men on the canal commission are a unit in opposing civil service as applied to harbors or that work. Who doubts the correctness of this view. If the canal is to be built on government account some one man will have to exercise the canal powers, and be practically as free from restraint as though he were managing the enterprise on private account.

It is stated that not a drop of good milk can be secured in Chicago. If the people of that city were to tap the fountain of the milk of human kindness it might tend to prevent the dairy milk souring.

It is only four months until the base ball season will be on but think for a moment what the bottom of the thermometer may do for us in that period. The hope of the ice man is yet to be realized.

It is a most remarkable coincidence that at the time railroad companies decide to abolish passes inventor Hoffman tells us that flying in the air will be a simple accomplishment and popular.

The government departments ask for \$500,000,000 for running expenses, which assures us that this is a "bill dollar country."

A lot of state legislatures are now due to meet and we may reasonably expect to be told very soon how to regulate life insurance industries.

The two leading Methodist Episcopal congregations will occupy new buildings this year which is one of the good things for 1906.

The Herald predicts a happy and prosperous year.

## EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Besides the millions left his family Mr. Yerkes left a tarnished name.

They are still too busy in Moscow to count up the number killed during the recent riot. The press correspondents, however, are equal to the requirements of the situation and are furnishing the figures.

Governor Folk having settled with a good many of "live" ones in Missouri, is now looking over his payrolls to see if he has any dead ones.

The St. Louis Post-Dispatch says the cases of alcoholism doubled while the "lid" was on and blames the law for the increase. Why not put a little of the responsibility on the alcohol?

Maybe the Yerkes family did not want any one at the funeral of the millionaire and maybe they preferred to hire pall bearers.

There are a good many people who believe that death and funerals are times of private grief instead of public display.

The further the Dougherty investigation goes the more certain it appears that he did not overlook any bets.

The election of Wadsworth as speaker of the New York assembly affords Mr. O'Dell another nice chance to say something.

Without taking the record, Prof. Conrad estimates the gale yesterday at 60 miles an hour. No one will dispute the professor.

It appears that the witnesses of Midshipman Decatur did not rehearse enough times. They are tripping each other in their evidence.

Just because old Winter has been kind so far there is no use to fool yourself with the belief that he can't act up if he wants to.

It is hardly time to begin boasting about the way you are keeping those New Year's resolutions.

Mayor McCallahan announces that he is going to make efficiency the test of office holding in Greater New York.

The further the investigation of Superintendent Dougherty's affairs go the more satisfied the people of Iowa are that Mr. Dougherty is now in the right place.

LaFollette has turned over the job of governor in Wisconsin to James O. Davidson and is now a United States senator. For the time being he will likely be so much in the public eye. New senators are supposed to sail a while before they break out the only man that refused to obey this rule was Senator Mason and those who know LaFollette best are of the opinion that he is likely to be of the same stripe.

That noise you hear is caused by the long procession of water wagons that started out Monday morning.

## DEEDS RECORDED.

Mary E. Haworth et al. to Edward P. Drobisch, the undivided half interest in that part of the west half of the southeast quarter of section 17, which is south and east of the Sangamon river and all that part of the west half of the northeast quarter of 20, which is south and east of the Sangamon river, all in 16, 2 east; \$1,792.83.

John A. Griddle to Anna E. Wilson, lot 12 and 5 feet of the entire north side of lot 13, all in R. F. Kincaid's addition of outlots to Decatur; \$4,000.

Colin Sears to Anna E. Wilson, 25 feet off the entire south side of lot 13, in R. F. Kincaid's addition of outlots to Decatur; \$1,000.

Andrew Ambuhl to Hans Tay, quit claim to lot 6 in block 7 of H. A. Wood's addition to Decatur; \$1.

## LIGAMENTS TORN.

Six-Year-Old Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Grimm Hurt. The six-year-old daughter of Mrs. Samuel Grimm, 1114 West Main street, had the ligaments of her right arm torn loose at the elbow yesterday morning. She and her elder brother were playing together and in some manner the boy fell on her arm. Dr. W. C. Dowers attended the little girl.

## THAWED DYNAMITE IN A KITCHEN.

Gertrude Schroeder Killed and Parents Seriously Injured.

Memphis, Mich., Jan. 3.—By the explosion of ten sticks of dynamite in the home of August W. Schroeder, in Groves, near this city today, Gertrude, his two-year-old daughter was killed and Mr. and Mrs. Schroeder seriously injured. The dynamite was frozen and was put under the kitchen stove to thaw out, when it exploded. The child was terribly mangled. The house was almost destroyed by the shock and caught fire.

## TRIED SUICIDE.

St. Joseph, Mo., Jan. 3.—Doctor J. C. Howes of Omaha, who was arrested yesterday for sending obscene letters through the United States mails to his wife at Maysville, Mo., attempted suicide by taking morphine today. He will recover.

## EMPEROR AMAZED.

And Witte Says No One Will Attack Importance to Rojevsky.

London, Jan. 2.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the T. G. graph says he has had a conversation with Witte in which the premier stated that the emperor and his ministers alike were astonished at Rojevsky's allegation that the British admiral had concentrated his ships at Wei Hai Wei, expecting an order to destroy the Russian fleet in event of Tokyo being defeated in the battle of the Sea of Japan.

Witte said he was taking measures to clear up the matter, but he added, it was self evident no level headed man in Russia would attach importance to the allegation, which the minister of marine, he said, had not noticed until it appeared in print.

## Another Dinner.

The Ladies' Aid Society of North Main M. E. church will give another dinner at the home of Mrs. Clothier, 719 North Main street, today.

## TOM ENTLER, JR., DEAD.

End Came at Waco, Texas.

Where He Had Gone.

With Sick Sister.

HE HAD PNEUMONIA.

Thomas Entler, Jr., son of Thomas Entler, of this city, died at Waco, Tex. at 1:30 yesterday afternoon. His remains will be brought to Decatur for burial. He was 37 years of age last September, and was a great traveler, he having been in Cuba during the late war.

He was raised in this city and followed the trade of brickmason. Two months ago he took his sister to Waco for her health, and while there he contracted pneumonia which caused his death.

He was a member of the Grace M. E. church, and a member of the K. of P. lodge in Havana, also a member of the Bricklayers union of Decatur. His chum Billy Woods who has been with him for years was by his side at his death and is coming to Decatur with the remains.

## WILLIAM SUTTON DIED AT 12:15.

Man Injured at Taylorville During Wednesday's Storm.

William Sutton died at 12:15, a victim of the heavy wind storm which prevailed in Central Illinois yesterday. He was a section man at Taylorville.

When the storm came up he crawled under a car to escape its fury. The wind sent another string of cars down caught under the wheels and terry mangled.

## DEATH OF GEO. NICHOLS.

Former Well Known Resident and Old Soldier of Decatur.

Elmer E. Nichols yesterday received word that his father, George P. Nichols, died at the soldiers' home in Decatur on Tuesday night. The decedent was for many years a resident of Decatur and was engaged as driver of an express wagon. When ill health came many years overtook him he went to the soldiers' home, having served in the Civil War. He was about 65 years old. The remains will arrive in Decatur today and the burial will be at Greenwood.

## 13th Year Here,

DR. APPLEMAN

The Well Known Specialist.

Continues his visits regularly year after year and cures his patients.

Free Consultation

And Examination.

PRIVATE PARLORS.

BRUNSWICK HOTEL,

DECATUR.

Monday, January 22, 1906.

8 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Returning Every Four Weeks.



## DR. APPLEMAN

Is a graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York City, the best known institution in the United States. He has made a special study of the diseases he treats in the great Charity and Bellevue Hospitals, and these, together with 14 years of special practice, make him the foremost specialist of the day. He points with pride to the hundreds of cases he has cured in Decatur and vicinity.

He treats Acute and Chronic Catarrh, Ringing in Ears, Deafness, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Stomach, Heart, Liver, Kidneys, Bowels and Bladder, Nervous Diseases, such as Neuritis, Prostration, Epilepsy (Fits), Rheumatism, Erysipelas, Hemorrhoids (piles) treated without the knife and no detention from business.

Young, Middle-Aged or Old Men suffering from Nervousness, Dizziness, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Social Life, Defective Memory, Nervous Debility, Sleeplessness, Weakness and Exhaustion, treated by the latest and best methods, and cured.

Blood and Skin Diseases, Acne, Eczema, Psoriasis, Scrofula, and all other blood and skin diseases treated.

Nervous Diseases, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, given special attention.

Diseases of Women treated in the most satisfactory manner. Our home treatment is pleasant to use and gives good results. The doctor carries all his portable instruments and comes prepared to examine the most obscure cases. Names of patients never published, but references gladly furnished on request. Correspondence solicited. Symptom blanks on application. Address











